



KEY VOCABULARY

natural resources

manufactured resources

renewable resource

non-renewable resource

pollution

environment

conserve

materials we can use that are **from nature**, e.g., we can use wood from trees to make furniture

materials we can use **that people make**, e.g., plastic

a resource that **doesn't run out**, e.g., wind energy

a resource that **will run out if we use it all**, e.g., coal

a substance that is **harmful to the environment**, e.g., spilling oil into the sea

the **natural world** around us

to **protect something** from harm or destruction



recycle: to use something again, sometimes for a different purpose

non-renewable



coal is a hard, black rock which can be burned, it is found deep under ground (it takes millions of years for coal to be made by the Earth)

non-renewable



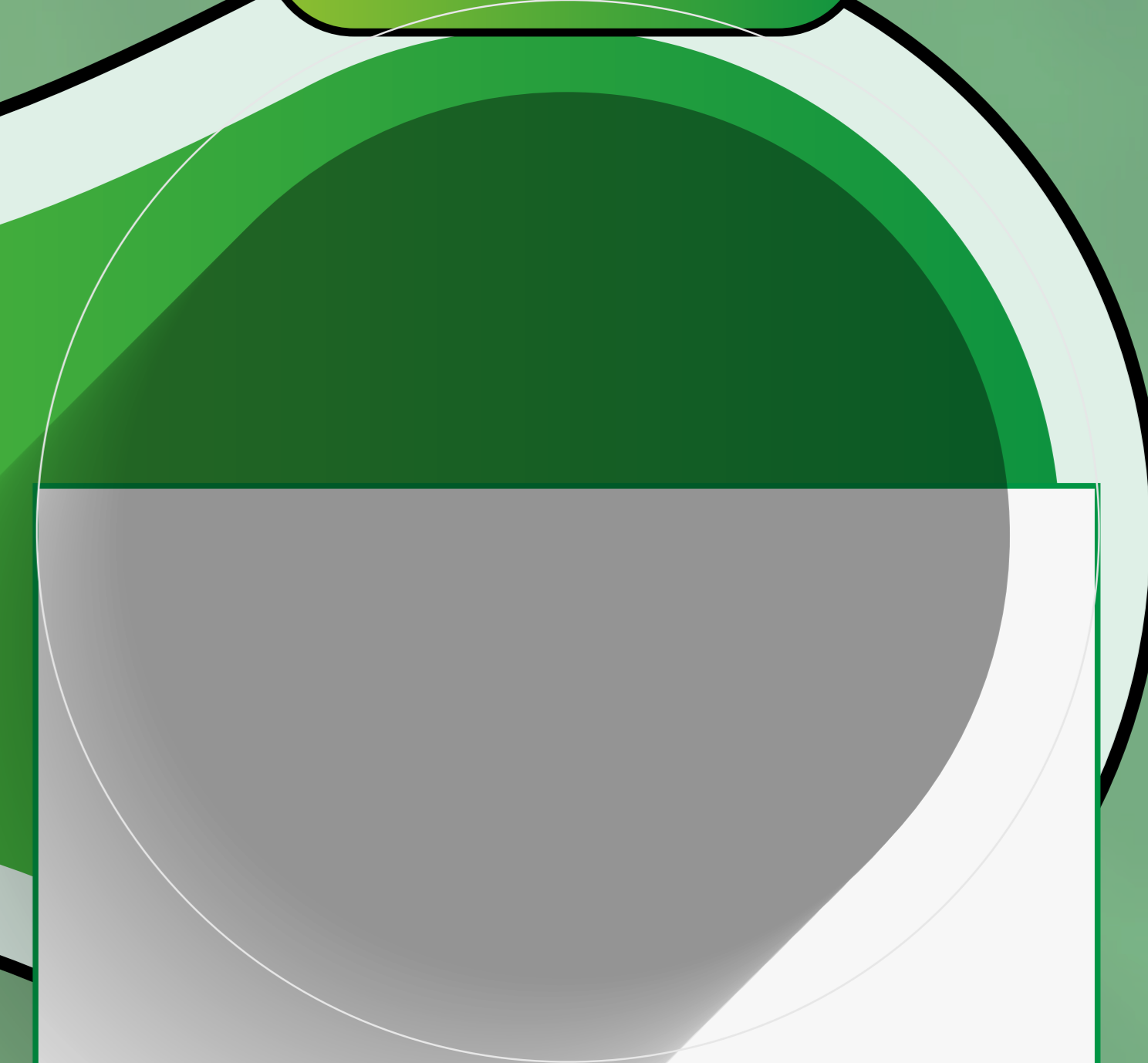
oil is a thick, black liquid that is found deep under ground and can be used to make petrol (it takes millions of years to make oil)

renewable



wind is air blowing from a particular direction, it can be used to turn turbines to make electricity

renewable



water is a liquid we all use to survive (sea water is salty, fresh water falls from the sky as rain)